Addition to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 2013.] SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1774.

To the Printer of the *South Carolina* GAZETTE.

Mr. TIMOTHY,

IT is my Opinion, that all Conſequences which ariſe from a Public Proceeding, ought to be laid before the Public; as well that they might ſee the Progreſs of the Affair, as, that the Conduct of the Individuals concerned in the Buſineſs, might be clearly diſtinguiſhed.——It is from theſe Conſiderations, that I am ſat down to write the preſent Letter.

There lately appeared a Pamphlet, entitled "A Letter from Freeman, of South-Carolina, to the Deputies of North-America, aſſembled in the High Court of Congreſs at Philadelphia."—As far as I can learn, this Pamphlet was received by the Public with a general Approbation—however, it likewiſe gave ſome Diſguſt to Individuals.—The Public did me the Honour to attribute the Performance to me.

Laſt Tueſday Evening, I received a Note from Mr. Juſtice Savage and Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett, acquainting me they purpoſed to call upon me the next Day.—An Hour was appointed—they came preciſely at Eleven o'Clock Yeſterday Morning.—After ſome occaſional Chat, Mr. Savage, I preſume as Senior, took the Lead.—A Pamphlet had been publiſhed—it was attributed to me—it contained heavy Charges upon the Bench of Judges—that they were Upſtarts—that they depended upon the Pleaſure of the Crown for their daily Bread, and that therefore, they had forſworn themſelves in giving Judgment—that he came to enquire of me, whether in all this, I *meant him particularly*—Mr. Coſſlett put in—his Errand was to the ſame End.—This proves how ſuperficially ſome People read—*legere & non intellegere, neglegere eſt*—but Judges of the Land ought to read, ſerious Things at leaſt, with more Care, before they give Judgment. Mr. *Timothy*, you have read this formidable Pamphlet, and I am ſure you will join me in Opinion that, *in the Pamphlet at leaſt*, the Word "*Upſtarts*" has nothing to do with our Judges, and is no Way applicable to them; neither is there a *Charge of being forſworn*—take the Paſſages: "And, "as the Dependence of the Judges, upon the Crown for "their daily Subſiſtance, SEEMS to have been the Cauſe "of General Writs of Aſſiſtance having been iſſued, I "ſhall claſs theſe Subjects together, and likewiſe the op-"poſite Conduct of *two Sets* of Judges *learned in the* "*Law*; the one, Men of Property—the other, Men "without the viſible Shadow of Independence." Pray, Mr. *Timothy*, have you ever ſeen ſuch a Shadow, or do you know any Part of the Public that has?—Upon repeated Applications the *independent* Bench, would not iſſue the Writs of Aſſiſtance, and now take the laſt Quotation: But "no ſooner was the Bench filled by Men who "*depended* upon the Smiles of the Crown for their daily "Bread, than the Attorney-General, *ex officio* returned "to the Attack, and carried the Point even by a *coup d'eſſai*." But what of all this.—Is not this a Detail of Facts?—If the Thought, "SEEMS," exiſted only in the Breaſt of the Author, the Judges ſhould have laughed at the Author and his Thought;—but, if the Thought has been long entertained by the Public, will the Judges remove it by fighting?—However, without being at the Trouble of explaining theſe Things to the Gentlemen, I replied, That I was ſorry they had not given me *ſome* previous Intimation of the Purport of their Viſit, as I ſhould in ſuch a Caſe, have called in a Friend or two, to be preſent at our Converſation; for ſuch Topicks, ought not to be diſcuſſed as it were *ex parte*, they two, Principals on one Side, and myſelf alone on the other: But that as the Matter ſtood, I would cut the Affair very ſhort. I then told them, I had been given to underſtand, that the Court intended to take up the Affair of the Pamphlet in a judicial Way; and I deſired their Anſwer. They aſſured me they had no ſuch Intention, and would have no Concern in ſuch an Affair:—I then continued.—I now ſaw no Reaſon why I ſhould not ſtand up for Freeman; that I would not enter into an Examination of any Part of his Pamphlet, which treated entirely of Public Affairs, and cenſured Public Proceedings; that every Thing relating to the preſent Bench was *general*, and that nothing was meant for Mr. Savage, or Mr. Coſſlett, in *particular*.—That if the Author had intended to have painted either of them *particularly*, he was at no loſs for Colours, by which, they would have been diſtinguiſhed without leaving the leaſt Room for an Enquiry whether the Author meant them *in particular*. In ſhort, if the Cap fitted any Body, I was very well pleaſed that he ſhould wear it, and if it hurted him, I was very ready to give any ſuch Perſon *the Satisfaction which might be demanded of a Gentleman*.

To this they replied, as they were conſcious the Cap did not fit them, they would not take it to themſelves, which would, in a Manner, be admitting that the Cap did fit; that they were ſenſible the Charge was of a general Nature, and were now ſatisfied the Author did not mean them *in particular*. Mr. Coſſlett ſaid, That ſo far was he from depending upon the Smiles of the Miniſter, it was plain he had ſome Eſtate, or how could he have had an Education?—I replied, that although I had heard ſome Report, that he and Mr. Savage had ſome Property in Ireland, yet it had not viſibly appeared here; and the Public, with one Voice ſaid, They certainly never would have come Abroad for £. 300, if they were poſſeſſed of independent Fortunes at Home. Mr. Savage, in a Motion of Departure, continued, IF the Author of the Pamphlet meant him *in particular*, he ſhould ſay he was a Publiſher of Falſhoods, a Scoundrel, and no Gentleman.

This Declaration, as it was in my own Houſe, drew *an Anſwer* from me. I conſidered this Concluſion, as a Challenge indirect:—I replied, That I was not diſpoſed to hear ſuch Language, uſed in any Degree relative to the Author, that I now ſaw his Viſit on the Purpoſe of a Challenge: In this Caſe, we had beſt ſettle the Affair at once, and I was ready to meet him in Half an Hour.—Where, Sir?—Behind the Barracks.—Do you bring a Friend?—No, I will not bring any, for I have long concluded never to be a Friend on ſuch Occaſions, or to involve a Friend in the probable unhappy Conſequences.—But you muſt bring one.—Sir, my Reſolution on this Point, has been long fixed, and I am unalterable:—You have taken perſonal Offence at me; let us two perſonally ſettle our Diſpute; we have no Occaſion for Lookers-on, and I will not carry any.—Then, Sir, ſaid Mr. Savage, I will not meet you.——Mention had been made of Piſtols. Do you bring Piſtols, Sir?—No, Sir, I purpoſe to ſettle the Affair like a Gentleman—my Sword—a Gentleman's Weapon. Mr. Coſſlett ſaid, Mr. Savage ought to uſe Piſtols, *becauſe* he was near ſighted; I replied, for *that very Reaſon* he ought not; ſince he would ſee me much better at Sword's-Length, than at Piſtol-Diſtance. But Mr. Savage readily waved the Piſtols—I ſuppoſe from a Conviction of the Propriety of the Obſervation.

Upon my perſevering in going alone to the Field, Mr. Savage and Mr. Coſſlett departed, Mr. Savage giving me to underſtand—*perhaps I might hear from him again*.—The Point to be ſettled, remained in his own Determination, and might be concluded by the Reflection of an Hour or two, as well as in a Week or two. I expected to have heard from him during the Day, I have been at Home from two o'Clock Yeſterday, till this Hour, twelve o'Clock, To-day. I now conſider Mr. Savage, who was a Volunteer in the Cauſe of the Bench, to have forfeited any Right he might have had, to expect my Company in the Field. Theſe Things ought to be done *impromptu*, and loſe their Propriety by a Delay, to take Counſel whether Battle, without Auxiliaries, ſhall be given or not.

Upon this Affair, I may be allowed the Liberty of making a few Obſervations.

It SEEMS to me, that the Approach of our Judges, was ſomewhat irregular in many Reſpects. For inſtance, They were two Principals on one Side, who came together to diſcuſs a ſerious Affair with their Adverſary, when they were almoſt certain to find him alone. For they gave him no previous Intimation of the Purpoſe of their Viſit, and I could not ſuſpect it, as the Pamphlet had been Twelve Days publiſhed, as I knew that Mr. Savage had been informed of the Nature of it within three Days after, and I had but a few Days ago, converſed with a Judge, who had read it without being offended at it.—This was Mr. Juſtice Fewtrell who was againſt the iſſuing the Writs of Aſſiſtance. In ſhort, notwithſtanding the Profeſſions of Mr. Juſtice Savage and Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett, that the Charge was not in the leaſt Degree applicable to them, yet their Application could not but put me in Mind of the *Hærit lateri lethalis arundo*.

——— The fatal Dart
Sticks in his Side, and rankles in his Heart.

And indeed I told the Gentlemen, that if they were *conſcious* nothing in the Pamphlet was applicable to them, I was ſurpriſed they ſhould give themſelves the Trouble of coming to me for a ſerious Explanation; and that for my Part, I ſhould never be at the Pains of going up the Church Steeple to look out for a Ship, unleſs I was intereſted in her Arrival and was *conſcious* ſhe might probably be in Sight. The Gentlemen replied, if a Man abuſed me in the Street, would I not reſent it, although ever ſo innocent of the Imputation?—To be ſure, I anſwered, but I would knock him down, without aſking him whether he meant to abuſe me.

But the fatal Dart was thrown by one FREEMAN, and ſtrictly ſpeaking, I was not anſwerable for the Stroke. I was under no Neceſſity, to have given them even a Hearing upon the Subject of a Letter from FREEMAN.——However, I opened a Barrier which might have puzzled them to have broke through *ſecundum artem*. For without Doubt, after I had, in the firſt Part of the Converſation, declared that I was ready to give Satisfaction to any Man who called upon me, I might and indeed I ought to have laughed at Mr. Savage's concluding with, *If* the Author meant him *in particular*, he ſhould ſay he was guilty of publiſhing Falſhoods, a Scoundrel and no Gentleman. I ſay, I had a Right to have laughed at this, with as much Propriety, as I ſhould certainly have had a Right of laughing at his ſaying, if he had ſaid *it*; *If* the Author meant that Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett *in particular*, was as learned a Judge as My Lord Mansfield, he ſhould ſay, the Author was a Fool and a Blockhead. What was either the one or the other of theſe *if*'s to FREEMAN or to me? There were no ſuch Caſes in the Pamphlet. What had I to do with *if*'s, or the Judge's Doubts?——I ſay, I might have puzzled and laughed at them: For inſtance, I might have inſiſted that the Cauſe of Diſpute was of a *public Nature and Importance*, and therefore could not with any Propriety be decided *in private*. Or, I might have told them that, they had been offended *only in their judicial Capacities*, and therefore they could call upon me *only as Judges*, for I had nothing to do with, and I had not ſaid any Thing of, or in the leaſt concerning, the private Character, Conduct, or Perſon of Mr. Savage or Mr. Coſſlett.—In Conſequence, I might have inſiſted upon their meeting me *as then in a public Station*, ſince the Ground of Quarrel was *a public Judgment*.—Thus their taking the Field in their ſcarlet Gowns, white Hoods, and big Wigs, would have been the firſt Preliminary. *Suitable* Weapons, would have been the next.—And being drawn up in Battalia, to begin the Combat *as Judges*, for obſerve, it is the *Conduct of Judges* which has been the *only* Ground of Diſpute, I might have opened a Battery, and have fired off, Coke upon Littleton and the Statutes at large, *ſuitable* Weapons to be ſure in the Hands of Judges.—And what a Figure would their Worſhips have made under ſuch a Diſcharge?——With Propriety all this might have been ſaid and done, and indeed much more; but I like ſometimes, becauſe it is good Manners, to take the Tea from other People.—And after all, I cannot but think there was more concealed Gaiety, than apparent Seriouſneſs in the grave Addreſs to me by the grave Judges—perhaps as they came together, they only meant to ſee if ſuch a double Attack could not frighten a Brother-Judge, a ſingle Antagoniſt, and cauſe him to be intimidated with ſo formidable a View, as the Proſpect of a perſonal Combat with all the Judges *tour à tour*.—God and the Public know, we have Abundance of *Gravity* among us, and even upon a Reflection during a *coup d'eſſai*, I could not but have been convinced, the Judges of the Land never could have come to me, eſpecially without a Rule of Court, ſeriouſly to propoſe a Duel, in Conſequence of a Subject they did not comprehend, and upon which therefore, they wanted Information. We find no Caſes in the Books to warrant ſuch a Proceſs,—but why not make Caſes ourſelves?—Let our Judges fight Duels, and then they will be better qualified, to ſit in Judgment upon a Man of Honour charged with Murder.—Excellent to be ſure! And Precept is better than Example?

But after all,—now that ſo much Rain laſt Night has cooled our Earth and Air, and perhaps our Heads too; what End was a Duel to have anſwered?—Would a few private Wounds have made the People alter their Opinion of a public Judgment?—Allow me to put a Caſe.—Suppoſe I had ſaid that Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett had diſmiſſed a Cauſe upon this Principle, that there was no Converſion, becauſe there was no Demand and Refuſal of the *Choſe in Action*? And further, that as Bacon has ſaid down, that the *aſſuming* a Right to diſpoſe of the Goods of another as if they were his own, *is a Converſion*, and the Refuſal is only Evidence of the Converſion; and therefore I added, Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett *ſeemed* ignorant of a common Point of Law, and had not given a good Judgment upon a Fact, which Bacon ſays *is entirely proper for the Conſideration of the Jury*.—I ſay, ſuppoſe I had ſaid all this, and Mr. Coſſlett taking Offence, calls upon me to fight him? Will his killing me, prove that Bacon's Law was bad, and ſuch Judgment good?—Nothing leſs?—Would his calling upon me in ſuch a Caſe make it neceſſary for me to go out with him?—Not at all.—There would be juſt as much Reaſon, for me to be at the Call of a Man, who I ſhould ſay has a Cap upon his Head, when he has one, becauſe he chuſes to ſwear he has not, and for a Frolick demands the Fight.—How ought ſuch a Man to be treated? *mutato nomine*, and this Caſe, ſuits the Caſe of the *Pamphlet*.

I have now done with Mr. Savage and Mr. Coſſlett, as Gentlemen. I have been at their Service. I am no longer ſo,—they neglected my proffered Attendance. And I perſuade myſelf, neither Mr. Juſtice Savage, or Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett, will alter any material Part of what I have related as the Purport of the Converſation between us. Let the Public judge the Judges.—*Fortuna cætera mando*.

WILLIAM-HENRY DRAYTON.

CHARLES-TOWN, *Sept.* 15, 1774.

His Honour Mr. Chief Juſtice GORDON.

SIR,

I AM informed from undoubted Authority that, you and Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett, have drawn and this Day have agitated, a Complaint againſt me, reſpecting a late Publication under the Signature "FREEMAN;" and that you purpoſe to preſent the Complaint, to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor.

The Intention of this Note, Sir, is to deſire the Complaint may be preſented as ſoon as poſſible; as well, that the Merits of it may be decided as ſoon as poſſible; as that, I may have the earlieſt Opportunity of ſeeing the Charge, and of drawing up a ſuitable Anſwer.

As you, Mr. Chief-Juſtice, are already privy to the Challenge, that has paſſed between Mr. Juſtice Savage, and Mr. Juſtice Coſſlett on the one Part, and Mr. Juſtice Drayton on the other; purpoſing to decide *vi et armis* the Merits of the Pamphlet ſigned Freeman: I need ſay no more to your Honour on that Subject: I have only to aſſure you, that it is without the leaſt Reluctance, I ſee you engaged as a declared Party againſt me, on the Score of the Pamphlet in Queſtion.

I purpoſe that all Proceedings upon this Point, ſhall be made public; I ſhall therefore ſend a Copy of this Letter to the Preſs. I have the Honour to be, Sir,

Your moſt humble Servant,

WILLIAM-HENRY DRAYTON.

Charles-Town, Friday, Sept. 16, 1774.

New Advertiſements.

South-Carolina, Auguſt 12, 1774.

THE PUBLIC is hereby informed, that the King has been pleaſed to appoint *Thomas Irving*, Eſquire, Receiver-General of this Province; and all Perſons indebted to His Majeſty for Quit-Rents, are deſired to pay up their reſpective Arrearages, without Loſs of Time, to the Receiver General, at his Office in *Orange Street, Charles Town.*

IRON-WORKS.

JOSEPH BUFFINGTON,

HAVING lately purchased the High-Shoals or Great Falls of South-Catawba River, in Tryon County, North-Carolina, within a few Miles of the South-Carolina Line; one of the moſt advantageous Situations for Water Works he has ever ſeen, where he has already built a Saw-Mill, and nearly completed a Grift-Mill; where there is Water ſufficient to work 20 or 30 Mills, a natural Fall of between 20 and 30 Feet, and the Seat out of Danger of Freſhes; in a healthy plentiful Country, of good Land, well timbered, with Plenty of Iron Ore thereon, which he will preſume to ſay, is as good as any that has yet been made Uſe of in *America*; and where Hundreds of Barrels of Shad may be caught with Eaſe:—Having ſettled himſelf thereon, with a View

To erect IRON-WORKS,

In being a Part of the Country where Iron can ſcarce be had, at *Five Pence* Sterling per Pound;—but, finding himſelf, at preſent, unable to build and hold above Two Thirds of an Iron Work, and being an entire Stranger here, he takes this Method of acquainting any Gentlemen willing to encourage, or be concerned in, the manufacturing of IRON, that if they will immediately furniſh him with the Sum of £. 300 *North-Carolina* Currency, and £. 400 Value in Goods, he will ſecure the Conveyances for his Lands, Mills, &c. in their Hands, for Re-payment of the ſame, with lawful Intereſt, in Three Years, and make them a Compliment of One Ton of good Bar Iron; or, if they ſhould, within 18 Months, chooſe to be concerned in the ſaid Iron Works, he will then convey to them One-Third of the ſame, for the ſaid Sum, and oblige himſelf to bring the ſaid Works to Perfection, to the Satisfaction of any reaſonable Iron-Maſter in *America*.——He is ſo well convinced that the IRON-WORKS will ſucceed in that Part of the Country, having been brought up entirely in that Buſineſs, that he is deſirous of beginning immediately, without Loſs of Time: Therefore, whoever may be inclined to encourage, or be concerned with him, are deſired to apply to him, at Mr. HERMAN NEUFER's, in *King-ſtreet*, before *Friday* next, the 24th Inſtant, where they may receive further Information, in Regard to theſe Matters and to his Character.

N. B. A few good active NEGROES that could learn to work at the Iron-Works would be very advantageous in this Buſineſs.

WILLIAM SWALLOW,

Has juſt imported, in the CHARMING SALLY, *Captain* GEORGE FORTUNE, *from* BRISTOL,

EAST COKER and Bridport Sail Duck, Anchors and Grapnals of all Sizes; Nails of different Kinds; white Lead, yellow Okre and Spaniſh Brown, in Oil; raw Linſeed Oil, in Jars; boiled Ditto in Jugs;—which he will diſpoſe of, with his remaining Stock, at NINE for ONE, Caſh or ſhort Credit, at his Store on the BAY, near the VENDUE-HOUSE.

Old BRANDY in Kegs to be ſold.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

At Mr. VALK's LONG-ROOM,

On Monday *the* 17*th of* October *next*,

At ELEVEN o'Clock in the Forenoon,

By the Deſire of the Heirs of the late Mr. WILLIAM HULL, *deceaſed*,

THAT very valuable PLANTATION, (together with four more Tracts adjoining the ſame) containing in all 600 Acres, ſituated on Pedee-River, Eubany Ferry, with a good Dwelling-Houſe, and all other Out-Houſes:—The Quality of the Lands is ſuppoſed to be ſo well known, as to render a further Deſcription needleſs.

ALSO,

The following Lands, belonging to the ſame:

A VALUABLE Tract of 552 Acres, on the South-weſt Side of Great-Pedee, joining Lands of Mrs. Watſon, Mr. Lainé, and David Dinans.

A valuable Tract of 400 Acres, ſurveyed the 8th of July, 1754, near Little-Pedee; bounding North-eaſt on Lands of Mr. Nathaniel Trink.

A valuable Tract of Land of 490 Acres on Pedee-River, joining Northward on Land of Mr. Huger; North Weſt on Lands of Mrs. Watſon; South on Land of Percival Pawley, deceaſed.

Plats may be ſeen, and Terms known, upon Application to Mr. JACOB VALK, in Charles-Town.

GEORGE EVANS, *Executor.*

JAMAICA RUM in Puncheons, *Madera* and *Liſbon* WINES in Pipes and Quarter Pipes, SHIP BREAD, and a Quantity of Northward OATS and CORN, to be ſold by

Daniel & Iſaac Bourdeaux.

Who have alſo a couple of neat *London* made RIDING CHAIRS, which they will ſell at *Firſt Coſt*.

To be SOLD,

On Tueſday *the* 11*th of* October *next*,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

A Certain Piece or Part of a Lot of Land, ſituate on the South Side of *Pinckney's-ſtreet*, in *Charles-Town*, containing 30 Feet in Front on ſaid Street, and 96 Feet deep, with a Two Story Brick Houſe thereon the whole Width of the Lot, late the Property of *Cornelius Dewerſt*, and ſold under Execution, by

THOMAS GRIMBALL, jun. *Sheriff.*

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CHARLES-TOWN, *September* 1, 1774.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT MAILS will be made up at this Office every *Monday Evening* at *Eight* o'Clock, for *Jackſonburgh*, *Beaufort* and *Pocotaligo*, in this Province, and *Savannah* in Georgia. And the Mails from the ſaid Places will arrive here on Sunday Evening, ſo that the Letters may be ready to be delivered at this Office on *Monday Morning* at *Nine* o'Clock.

The Mails by His MAJESTY's PACKET-BOATS from *Falmouth* for *Georgia* and *Eaſt-Florida*, will be ſent by the firſt Poſt after their Arrival at this Office, and the Mails for Eaſt-Florida will, immediately on their Arrival at the Office in Savannah, be diſpatched to St. Auguſtine by an Expreſs, who will bring back the Mails for *Great-Britain*, *Georgia*, *South-Carolina* and the *Northern Provinces*.

GEORGE ROUPELL,
Deputy Poſt-Maſter General.

A FEW PIPES OF

Old *London Madera* Wine;

DITTO, in Bottles;

TEN Dozen of excellent CLARET; *Parker's* old PORTER, and rich CYDER in Bottles, &c. &c. to be SOLD reaſonably, by

ROGER SMITH.

LISBON WINE,

JUST arrived, of an extraordinary Quality; Weſt-India and Jamaica Rum, fit for preſent Uſe; Madera, Vidonia, Port, and Mainſey Wines; Coffee, ſhort Pipes, Briſtol Beer, and Hot-Well Water to be ſold by

JOHN SMYTH & Co.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ORANGEBURGH DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common-Pleas*, begun and holden at *Orangeburgh*, on TUESDAY the 5th Day of APRIL, 1774,

MORGAN SARR,	GEORGE HARES,
GEORGE KING,	and
WILLIAM FLUDD,	GEORGE SPINNIE,

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, Proclamation Money of *America*, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſe, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and tranſmit the ſame to the *Pleas-Office*, in *Charles-Town*, by the 30th Day of *November* next.

PETER BOUNETHEAU, C. C. & P.

To be SOLD, a great Bargain,

By PRIVATE CONTRACT,

STORES, built with Brick, in excellent Order, adjoining thoſe of JOHN BEALE, Eſq; on the Wharf oppoſite to Elliott-ſtreet, which will hold about Two Thouſand Five Hundred Barrels of Rice, with a large Loft, fit for a Sail-Maker.——The whole will be ſold for leſs than Four Years and a Quarter's Purchaſe.—For further Particulars, enquire of

PETER BOUNETHEAU.

A QUANTITY OF

Fine FLINT CORN,

To be SOLD reaſonably, by

JAMES & NEILSON.

A Few Dozens of SILK HOSE, being a Conſignment, to be ſold very low at JAMES & NELSON's.

THE Anniverſary of the Society for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of the Clergy of the Church of England, in *South-Carolina*, will be on *Thurſday* the 6th Day of *October* next.

The Members are deſired to attend at the Pariſh Church of St. *Philip*, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon, where a Sermon will be preached, and an Anthem performed ſuitable to the Occaſion.

THERE is a Vacancy for Schooling a Child by the South-Carolina Society.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

The SUBSCRIBER

HAVING moved from the Country to Town, and taken a Houſe in *Tradd-ſtreet*, near *King-ſtreet*, will undertake to BOARD and LODGE Four ſingle Gentlemen, at the Rate of £. 250 per Annum each.—None need apply, but ſuch as will pay quarterly, and keep good Hours.

JOHN DEARINGTON.

A New *Boarding-School*,

FOR

YOUNG LADIES,

WAS opened the *Fifteenth* of *September*, in *Broad-ſtreet* near *Church ſtreet*, in that cool and commodious Houſe, the front Room of which is now the Store of Meſſrs. BOSH and ELLIOTT; where will be taught, in the moſt expeditious and complete Manner, and at a reaſonable Rate, READING, TAMBOUR, EMBROIDERY, and all Kinds of NEEDLE-WORK.

At the ſame Place, and at the uſual Prices, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, DANCING and MUSIC will be taught the Young Ladies, if deſired, and the utmoſt Care taken of their Morals and Behaviour, as well as of their Perſons and Accompliſhments.

The Undertaker does not intend to amuſe the Public with large Premiſes, but hopes, by her Aſſiduity and Attention, to make it the Intereſt of the Public, to employ her.—For the Terms, apply to the Subſcriber.

ANN SAGE.

MRS. WINDSOR, takes this Method of acquainting her FRIENDS in particular, and the PUBLIC in general, That ſhe has declined being connected with Mrs. SAGE, in a Boarding-School; which is to be opened on the 15th Inſtant, by that Lady, in Broad-Street.

Mrs. WINDSOR continues, as uſual, to inſtruct Young LADIES upon the HARPSICHORD, in which Profeſſion, ſhe will be much obliged for the Continuance of the Patronage and Encouragement of her Friends and Acquaintance.

Charles-Town, September 1ſt, 1774.

WE, the Subſcribers, *Give this laſt Notice*, in the *Three* Gazettes of this Province, to ALL Perſons indebted to the late Partnerſhip of ANCRUMS and CHIFFELLE, That unleſs they diſcharge their reſpective Debts, before the *Firſt* of NOVEMBER next, every Bond, Note, and Book Accompt then unpaid, will poſitively be put into the Hands of Attornies, to be immediately ſued for.——This Step will become abſolutely neceſſary, in order to make a final Settlement of that Concern, previous to Mr. CHIFFELLE's leaving the Province, which will be early in the Spring.

WILLIAM ANCRUM,
GEORGE ANCRUM,
PHILOTHEOS CHIFFELLE.

Charles-Town, September 1ſt, 1774. 6.w.

To be SOLD,

In Parcels not leſs than TWENTY-FIVE,

Three Hundred & Fifty STEERS,

Of which Two Hundred are large, and fit for Stall feeding; the Remainder for Oxen.——Enquire in Charles-Town, of WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

WANTED,

A Perſon who is capable of making and burning Bricks, and who may be willing to undertake ſuch a Job immediately, upon one or two Plantations of Mr. Parſons. Enquire of

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

The SUBSCRIBER,

HAVING taken the Houſe in Meeting-ſtreet, lately poſſeſſed by Mr. GINNES, the Upper End of Meeting-ſtreet, has there opened a SCHOOL, where he will undertake to teach Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, and to ſpeak the Latin Tongue as fluent as the Engliſh: and by a Method which he has, they may learn as much in one Month, as at any other School in two, and cheaper than they can be educated at any other Engliſh School in Town.

THEODORE BREWER.

N. B. The School-Maſter being but lately come into this Country, is not able to make his Appearance before Gentlemen in a Manner required of one of his Branch, therefore would be willing to converſe with any Gentleman that doubts his Abilities in the Languages; who may be aſſured of his taking Care of thoſe Children entruſted to his Care.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF

HARRISON & BUDD

Expired the 13th of SEPTEMBER Inſtant.

To be Sold by public Auction,

On PRIOLEAU's *Wharf*,

On Wedneſday *next*, *the* 21*ſt Inſtant*,

At TEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

THIRTY-SIX Hogſheads of *Muſcovado* SUGAR, and five Puncheons of high Proof RUM, to pay further Repairs of the Ship *Sally*, ISAAC BURTON, Maſter. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

SEPTEMBER 16*th*, 1774.

THE Subſcriber has to diſpoſe of, a Quantity of well-drawn CYPRESS SHINGLES, Inch Boards, Inch and Quarter, and Inch and Half Cypreſs Plank.

JAMES STANYARNE.

SALEM, *Black River*, *Auguſt* 25*th*, 1774.

WILLIAM MILL informs me of an iron grey GELDING, about ſix Years old, ſcarce 13 Hands high, a Trotter, branded W on the mounting Shoulder and near Thigh.—The Owner muſt prove his Property, and apply to

HENRY CASSELS, J. P.